

Pharmaceutical Biology



ISSN: 1388-0209 (Print) 1744-5116 (Online) Journal homepage: informahealthcare.com/journals/iphb20

Erratum

To cite this article: (2008) Erratum, Pharmaceutical Biology, 46:3, 225-225, DOI: 10.1080/13880200801891577

To link to this article: <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/13880200801891577</u>



Published online: 07 Oct 2008.

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Erratum

In the article, Cytotoxic C-Methylated Chalcones from *Syzygium samarangense*, by E.C. Amor et al., published in Pharmaceutical Biology, 45(10): 777–783, the following revisions have been made:

The IC₁₂ of compound **2** against the RAD52 mutant strain should be 252 μ M while that of the positive control, streptonigrin should be 0.008 μ M. In addition, compound **2** was not cytotoxic against the LF15 wild-type strain that is why it was concluded that it exhibited selective cytotoxicity towards the mutant strain.

Table 3 should be modified according to the table below, which indicates the correct IC_{50} values of the compounds and the positive control. The IC_{50} values obtained are rough estimates that are based on two concentrations, 50 μ g/mL and 5 μ g/mL, due to limited sample availability.

Test compounds	CHO-AA8		MCF-7		SKBR-3	
	Fractional survival ^a	IC ₅₀ (µM)	Fractional survival ^a	IC ₅₀ (µM)	Fractional survival ^a	IC ₅₀ (µM)
1 ^b	0.456 ± 0.011	Not done	0.488 ± 0.013	Not done	0.335 ± 0.080	Not done
2^{b}	0.101 ± 0.002	80.547 ± 0.815	0.052 ± 0.001	1.463 ± 0.007	0.310 ± 0.003	12.779 ± 0.057
3 ^b	0.575 ± 0.002	21.856 ± 0.005	0.227 ± 0.027	20.180 ± 0.237	0.394 ± 0.045	12.722 ± 0.268
4 ^c	Not active		0.195 ± 0.023	Not done	Not active	
5 ^c	0.033 ± 0.001	13.013 ± 0.170	0.054 ± 0.002	9.337 ± 0.077	0.075 ± 0.008	7.377 ± 0.070
Doxorubicin		0.288 ± 0.002		0.260 ± 0.003	—	0.028 ± 0.001

Table 1. Fractional survival and IC₅₀ values of compounds 1-5 against CHO-AA8, MCF-7 and SKBR-3 cell lines.

 $^{a} n = 4$

^b active dose of 50 μ g/mL

^c active dose of 5 μ g/mL

The concentrations at which compounds 2 and 5 are cytotoxic against normal and breast cancer cells should be 167.8 μ M and 16.7 μ M, respectively. Compounds 1 and 3 showed slight toxicity against normal and breast cancer cells at a concentration of 167.8 μ M while 4 is cytotoxic at 17.5 μ M.

The chalcone counterpart of dihydrochalcone 4 is compound 3 and not compound 1.